

TriJet Propulsion for Reusable Hypersonic Vehicles

*Dr. Adam Siebenhaar
Director Aerojet
Hypersonic Propulsion
Phone: 916-355-2535
adam.siebenhaar@aerojet.com*

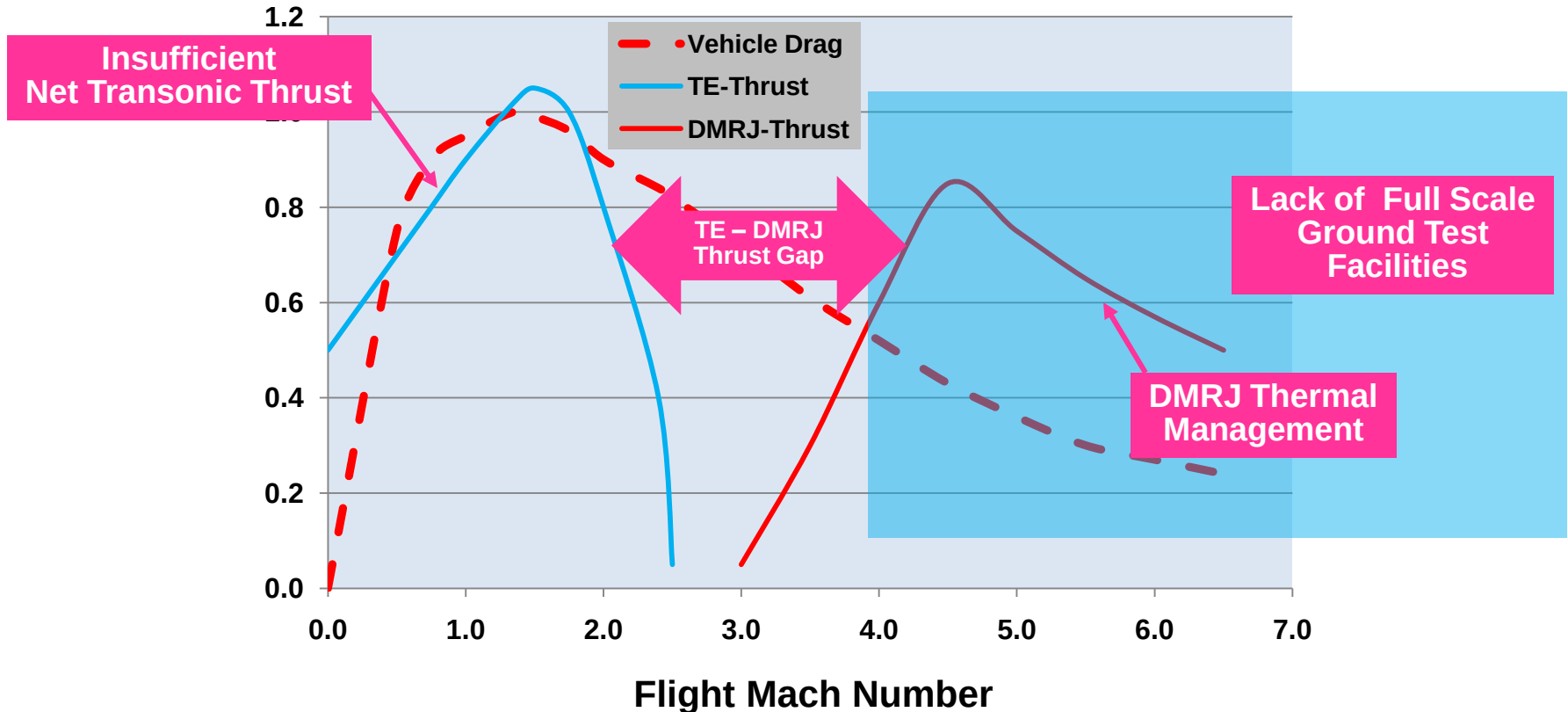
Robust Operation Requirements For Turbine Based Combined Cycle Vehicle

- **Subsonic (Mach 0 to 1)**
 - **Self Ferry**
 - **Runway Take-Off**
 - **In-flight Tanking**
 - **Powered Landing/Go Around Capability**
- **Super & Hypersonic Operation (Mach 1 to 6)**
 - **Substantial Positive Thrust Margin Especially During Transonic Flight & Combined Cycle Engine Mode Transition(s)**

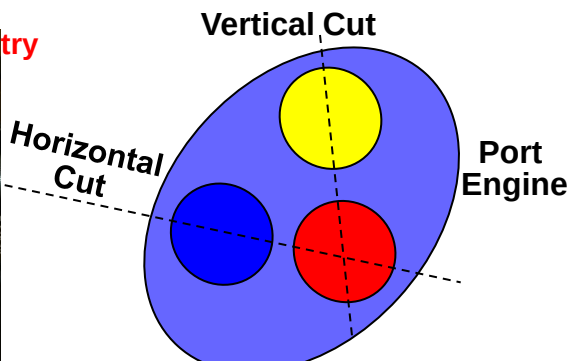
Current Major Combined Cycle Propulsion Issues

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Normalized Vehicle Drag ($\text{Drag}/\text{Drag}_{\text{max}}$) & Thrust ($\text{Thrust}/\text{Drag}_{\text{max}}$)



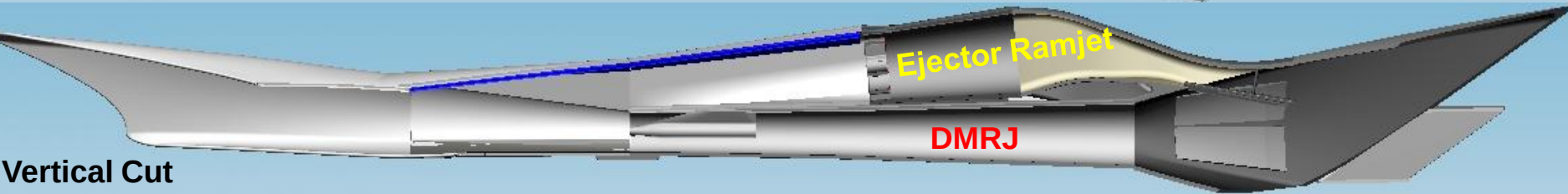
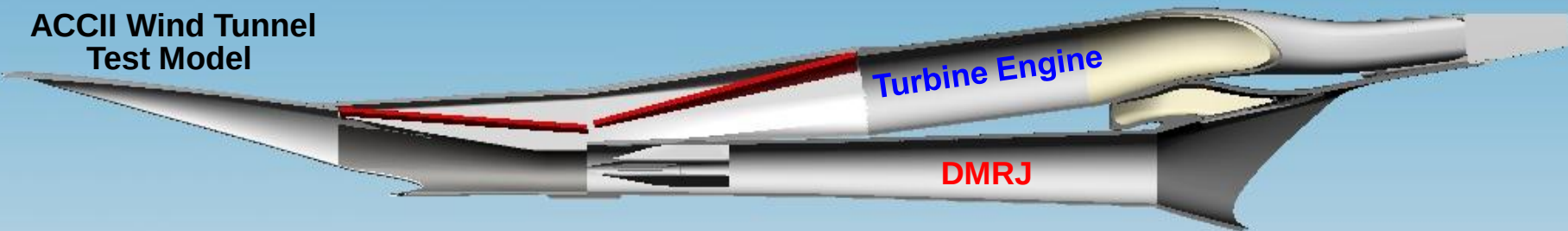
Aerojet TriJet Concept Operation



Front Views

- Inlet Capture Area
- Mach 2.5 TE (Available Now)
- Mach ~4+ Ejector Ramjet
- Mach 3.5 -7 Dual Mode Ramjet

ACCII Wind Tunnel
Test Model



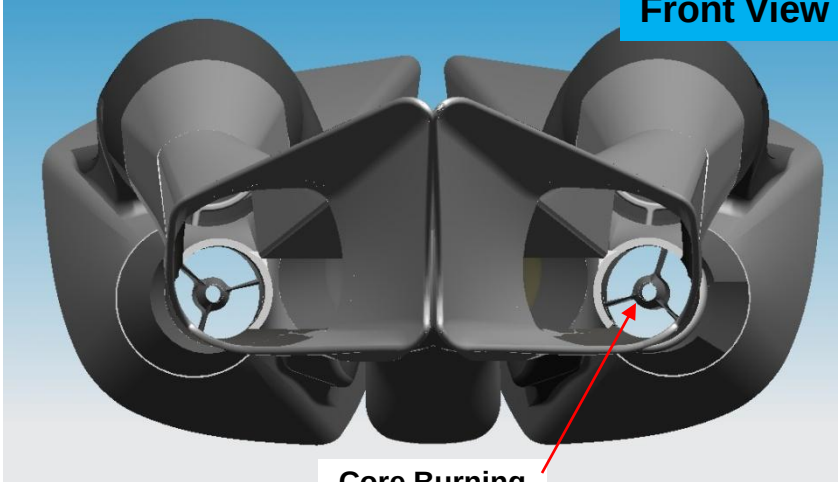
Vertical Cut

Mach Range	Door Settings (No Doors in DMRJ Flowpath)				Comment
	Turbine Engine		Ejector Ramjet Engine		
	Inlet	Exit	Inlet	Exit	
0 to 1+	Open	Open	Open	Open	
1+ to 2.5	Partial Open	Partial Closed	Open	Open	
2.5 to 4+	Closed	Closed	Partial Open	Partial Closed	Sustained Aero Choke
4+ to 7	Closed	Closed	Closed	Closed	

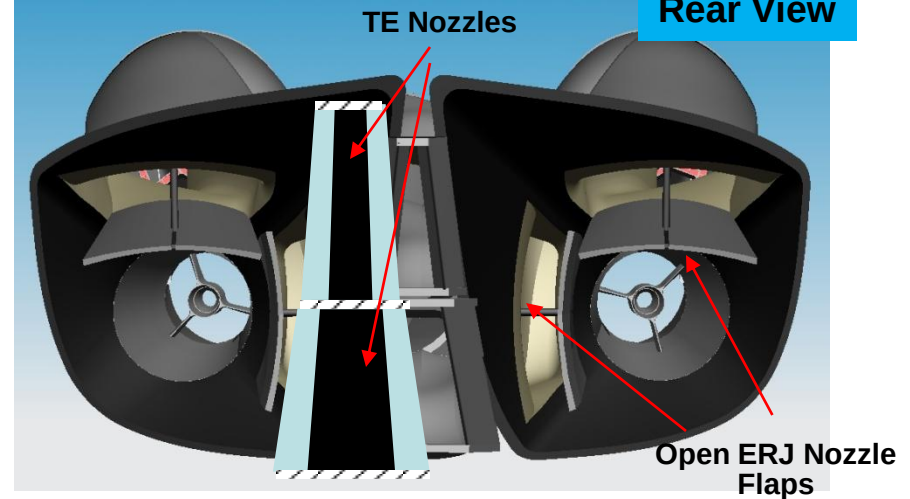
Vehicle TriJet Engine Set

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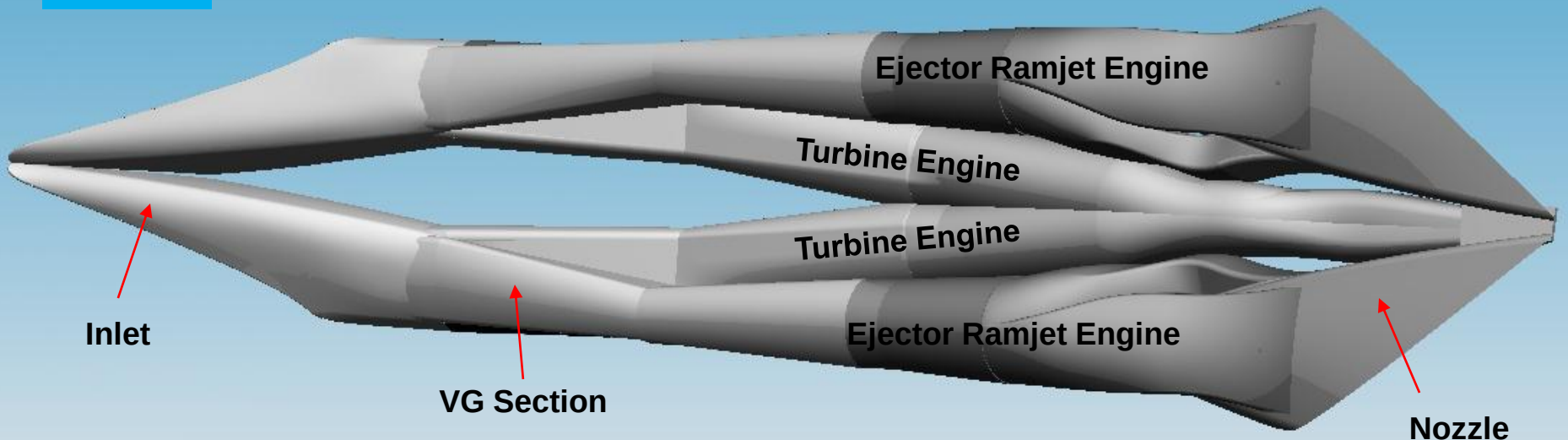
Front View



Rear View



Top View



Aerojet Combined Cycle Inward-turning Inlet (ACCII)

US Patent 7,216,474

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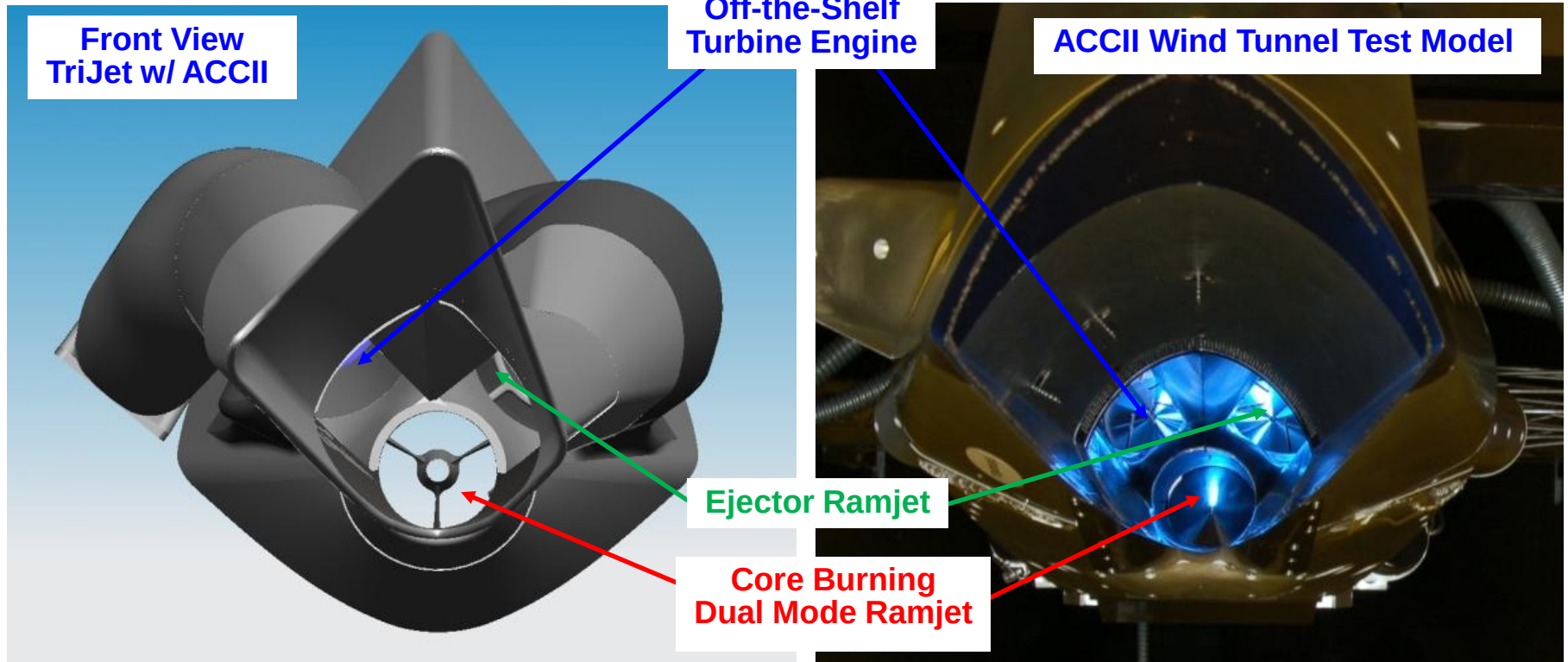
Front View
TriJet w/ ACCII

Off-the-Shelf
Turbine Engine

ACCII Wind Tunnel Test Model

Ejector Ramjet

Core Burning
Dual Mode Ramjet

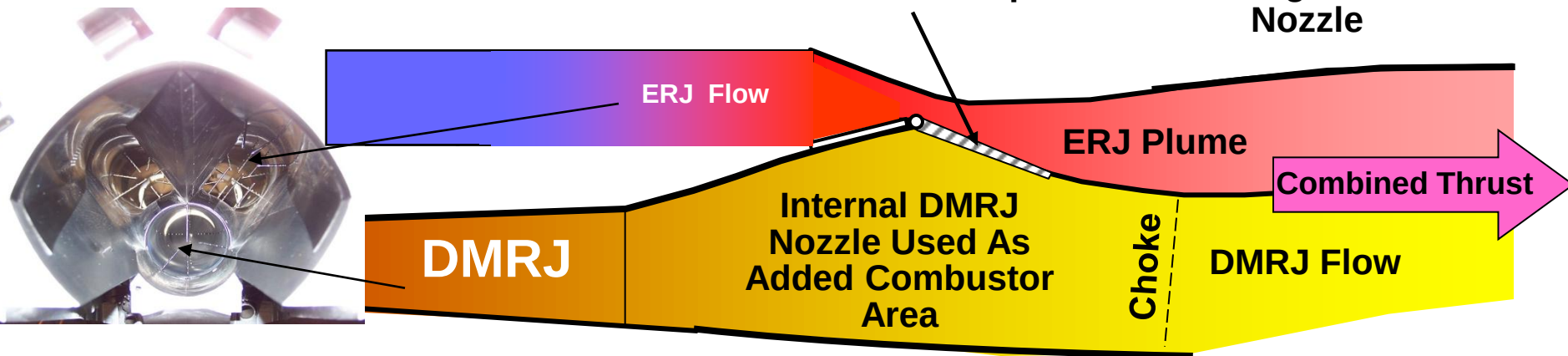


- Over 8,000 Data Points Collected from Mach 0 to 4.6
- Turbine Engine Demands Met Across the Entire Mach Range, While Maintaining a Started Inlet System at Supersonic Speeds
- Integrated Inlet Operation with all Three Inlet Systems Back Pressured and Interacting Simultaneously Demonstrated
- Internal Mass Flow Redistribution Via Door Actuation and Back Pressure Demonstrated

Sustained Aero-Choke (SAC) Concept

US Patent 7,886,516

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Objective

- Use DMRJ/Nozzle to Provide Substantial Thrust Augmentation Over Mach 2.5 – 4.0 Range

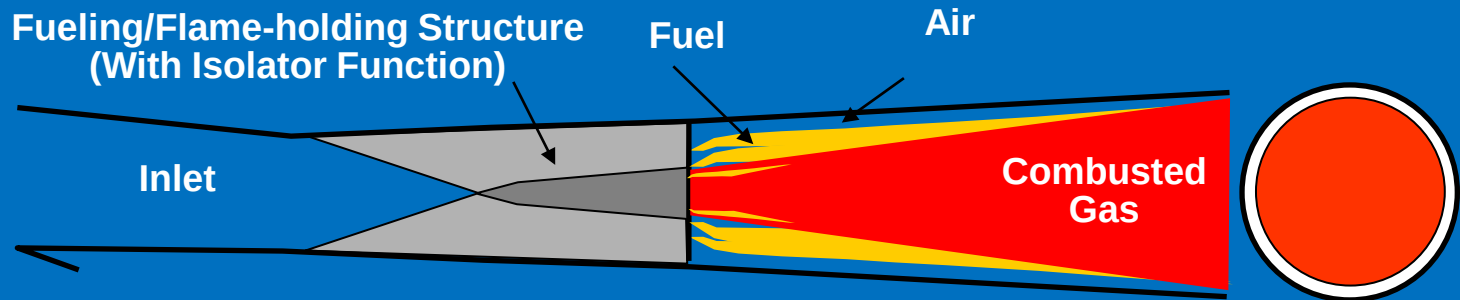
Approach

- ERJ Plume Provides Sustained Aerodynamic Choke For DMRJ Combustor
 - Increases Effective DMRJ Combustor Area Ratio Allowing Additional Heat Release in DMRJ Part of Nozzle
 - Enables Robust, Mach 2.5 Ramjet Operation of DMRJ

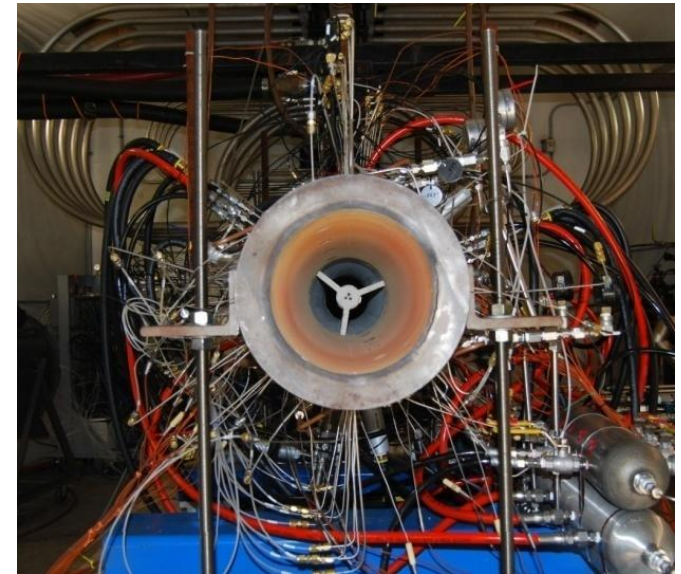
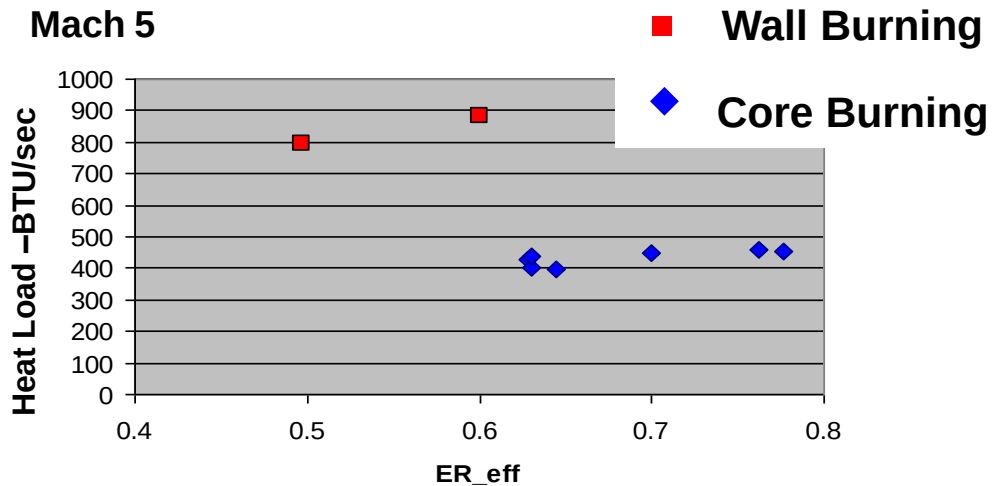
“Core Burning” Reduces Wall Heat Load 40% Relative To “Wall Burning”

US Patent 7,797,943

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Mach 5

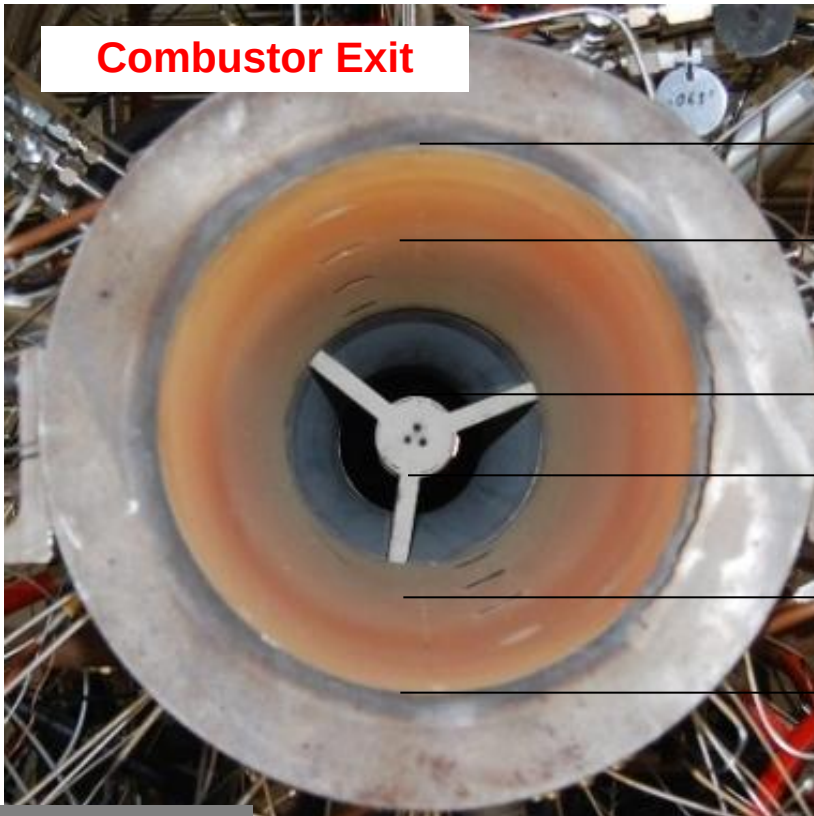


Successful Flameholding and “Core Burning” Demonstrated

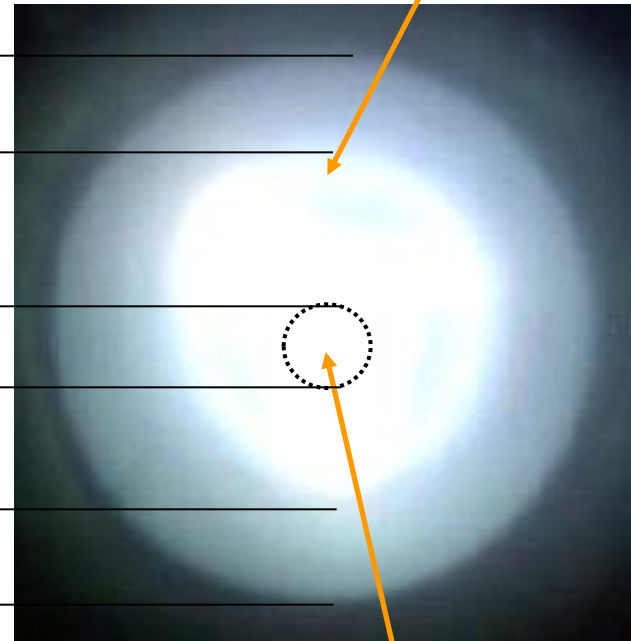
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Combustor Exit



**“Core Burning” – Flame
Propagates From Center,
Staying Off Wall**



Central Flameholder

TriJet Addresses Current TBCC Issues

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Transonic Thrust Margin

*Assist Turbine Engine (TE) w/
Ejector Ramjet (ERJ)*

Off-the-Shelf (OTS) TE/ State-of-the-Art (SoA) DMRJ Thrust Gap ..

*Use ERJ & Sustained Aero Choke
To Bridge Gap*

DMRJ Cruise Thermal Management

*Use Core-Burning To Lower Heat
Load*

No Full Scale Ground Test Facilities

*Build Mach 6+ Vehicle and
Operate w/ Robust OTS TE and
SoA ERJ up to Mach 3.
Install DMRJ and Use Vehicle for
“Envelope Expansion” to Mach 6*

Normalized
Vehicle Drag & Thrust

